Form 940 Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service

Signature >

Employer's Annual Federal Unemployment (FUTA) Tax Return

► For Paperwork Reduction Act Notice, see page 2.

i	OMB No.	1545-0028

1990

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8 /	Are you required to :	pay contributions to only o	one state?							Yes	☐ No
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ompl	ete, and that no part o	f any payment made to a stat	e unemployment fund claii	med as a credit	was or is to	be deducted from	n the payment	s to emplo	yees.		

Title (Owner, etc.) ▶

Date >

Paperwork Reduction Act Notice.—We ask for the information on this form to carry out the Internal Revenue laws of the United States. You are required to give us this information. We need it to ensure that taxpayers are complying with these laws and to allow us to figure and collect the right amount of tax.

The time needed to complete and file this form will vary depending on individual circumstances. The estimated average time is:

Recordkeeping

14 hrs. 7 min.

Learning about the law or the form

18 min.

Preparing and sending the form to IRS

32 min.

If you have comments concerning the accuracy of these time estimates or suggestions for making this form more simple, we would be happy to hear from you. You can write to both the Internal Revenue Service, Washington, DC 20224, Attention. IRS Reports Clearance Officer, T:FP: and the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reduction Project (1545-0028), Washington, DC 20503. Do not send the tax form to either of these offices. Instead, see the instructions below for where to file it.

Items You Should Note

Form 940-EZ.—For 1990, you may be able to use Form 940-EZ Form 940-EZ is a simplified version of Form 940 which can be used by most employers. Generally, employers who pay all unemployment contributions to only one state in a timely manner and do not have taxable FUTA wages that are exempt from state unemployment tax, can use Form 940-EZ. Get Form 940-EZ for more details. Do not file Form 940 if you have already filed Form 940-EZ for 1990.

Credit Reduction States.—For 1990, there are no credit reduction states.

FUTA Tax Rate.—The FUTA tax rate is scheduled to remain at 6.2% for years 1991 through 1995

General Instructions

Purpose of Form.—The Federal Unemployment Tax Act (FUTA), together with state unemployment systems, provides for payments of unemployment compensation to workers who have lost their jobs. Most employers pay both a Federal and state unemployment tax. Use this form for your annual FUTA tax report. Only the employer pays this tax.

Who Must File

Household Employers.—You do not have to file this form unless you paid cash wages of \$1,000 or more in any calendar quarter in 1989 or 1990 for household work in a private home, local college club, or a local chapter of a college fraternity or sorority.

Note: See Pub. 926, Employment Taxes for Household Employers, for more information.

In General. —You must file this form if you were other than a household or agricultural employer during 1989 or 1990, and you: (a) paid wages of \$1,500 or more in any calendar quarter or (b) had one or more employees for some part of a day in any 20 different weeks. Count all regular, temporary, and part-time employees. A partnership should not count its partners. If there is a change in ownership or other transfer of business during the year, each employer who meets test (a) or (b) above must file. Neither should report wages paid by the other Organizations described in section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code do not have to file.

Agricultural Employers.—You must file Form 940 if either of the following applies to you:

(1) You paid cash wages of \$20,000 or more to farmworkers during any calendar quarter in 1989 or 1990.

(2) You employed 10 or more farmworkers during some part of a day (whether or not at the same time) for at least one day during any 20 different weeks in 1989 or 1990. Count aliens admitted to the United States on a temporary basis to perform farmwork to determine if you meet either of the above tests. However, wages paid to these aliens are not subject to FUTA tax before 1993.

Completing Form 940

Employers Who Are Not Required To Deposit FUTA Tax.—If your total FUTA tax for 1990 is not more than \$100, you do not have to deposit the tax. Make your FUTA tax payment when you file Form 940. If you do not have to deposit FUTA tax and you:

- (a) made all required payments to state unemployment funds by the due date of Form 940,
- (b) are required to make payments to the unemployment fund of only one state, and
- (c) paid wages subject to Federal unemployment tax that are also subject to state unemployment tax,

complete Parts I and II or use Form 940-EZ. Otherwise, complete Parts I, III, and V

Employers Who Are Required To Deposit FUTA Tax.—If you meet tests (a), (b), and (c) above, complete Parts I, II, and IV or use Form 940–EZ. Otherwise, complete Parts I, III, IV, and V.

If You Are Not Liable for FUTA Tax.—If you receive Form 940 and are not liable for FUTA tax for 1990, write "Not Liable" across the front, sign the return, and return it to IRS. If you will not have to file returns in the future, write "Final" on the line above Part I and sign the return.

Due Date.—Form 940 for 1990 is due by January 31, 1991. However, if you deposited on time all tax due, you have 10 more days to file.

Where To File.--

ti your principal

Atlanta, GA 39901
Holtsville, NY 00501
Andover, MA 05501
Kansas City, MO 64999
Philadelphia, PA 19255
Cincinnati, OH 45999
Austin, TX 73301

File with the

Alaska, Arzona, California (counties of Alpine, Amador, Butte, Calaveras, Colusa, Contra Costa, Del Norte, El Dorado, Blute, Humboldt, Lake, Lassen, Marin, Mendocino, Modoc, Napa, Nevada, Placer, Plumas, Sacramento, San Joaquin, Shasta, Serra, Siskryou, Solano, Sonoma, Sutter, Tehama, Trinity, Yolo, and Yube), Colorado, Ideho, Oregon, South Dakota, Oregon, South Dakota, Utah, Washington, Wilconnia.

Ogden, UT 84201

California (all other counties), Hawaii Fresno, CA 93888
Alabama, Arkansas, Louisiana, Mississippi,
North Carolina, Tennessee Memphis, TN 37501

If you have no legal residence or principal place of business in any IRS district, file with the Internal Revenue Service Center, Philadelphia, PA 19255

Employer's Name, Address, and Identification Number. — Use the preaddressed Form 940 malled to you. If you must use a nonpreaddressed form, type or print your name, trade name, address, and employer identification number on it.

See Pub. 583, Taxpayers Starting a Business, for details on how to make tax deposits, file a return, etc. if these are due before you receive your number.

Identifying Your Payments.—On balance due payments of \$100 or less made to IRS (Part II, line 3 and Part III, line 6) and Federal tax deposit payments, write your employer identification number "Form 940, and the tax period to which the payment applies on your check or money order This will help ensure proper crediting of your account.

Penalties and Interest.—Avoid penalties and interest by making tax deposits when due, filing a correct return and paying the proper amount of tax when due. The law provides penalties for late deposits and late filing unless you show reasonable cause for the delay. If you file late, attach an explanation to the return. See Circular E for information on penalties.

There are also penalties for willful failure to pay tax, keep records, make returns, and for filing false or fraudulent returns.

Credit for Contributions Paid Into State Funds.—You can claim credit for amounts you pay into a certified state (including Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands) unemployment fund by the due date of Form 940.

Note: Be sure to enter your state reporting number where required on Form 940. This number is needed for IRS to verify your state contributions.

'Contributions' are payments that state law requires you to make to an unemployment fund because you are an employer. These payments are 'contributions' only to the extent that they are not deducted or deductible from the employees' pay.

Do not take credit for penalties, interest, or special administrative taxes which are not included in the contribution rate the state assigned to you. Also do not take credit for voluntary contributions paid to obtain a lower assigned rate.

If you have been assigned an experience rate lower than 5.4% (.054) by a state for the whole or part of the year, you are entitled to an additional credit. This additional credit is equal to the difference between actual payments and the amount you would have been required to pay at 5.4%.

The total credit allowable may not be more than 5.4% of taxable FUTA wages.

Special Credit for Successor Employers.—If you are claiming special credit as a successor employer, see Code section 3302(e) or Circular E, for the conditions you must meet

Form **940**Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service

Signature ▶

Employer's Annual Federal Unemployment (FUTA) Tax Return

► For Paperwork Reduction Act Notice, see page 2.

омв No 1545-0028

EMPLOYER'S

Date >

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Title (Owner, etc.) ▶

Amended Returns.—If you are amending a previously filed return, complete a new Form 940, using the amounts that should have been used on the original return, and sign the return. Attach a statement explaining why you are filing an amended return. Be sure to use a Form 940 for the year you are amending. Write "AMENDED RETURN" at the top of the form and file it with the Internal Revenue Service Center where you filed the original return.

Specific Instructions

You must answer questions A and B (check the box in C only if it applies), complete Part i, and sign the return.

Note: If you have been assigned a zero percent experience rate by your state, so that there are no required contributions to the state unemployment fund, check the "Yes" box in question A and write "0% rate" on the dollar amount line.

Use Part II only if you checked the "Yes" boxes in questions A and B and did not check the box in C. Otherwise, skip Part II and complete Parts III and V

Complete Part IV if your total tax for the year is more than \$100.

Box C.—Check this box **ONLY** if you pay any wages that are taxable for FUTA tax but are exempt from your state's unemployment tax.

Part I.—Computation of Taxable Wages

Line 1—Total payments.—Enter the total payments you made to employees during the calendar year, even if they are not taxable. Include salaries, wages, commissions, fees, bonuses, vacation allowances, amounts paid to temporary or part-time employees, and the value of goods, lodging, food, clothing, and noncash fringe benefits. Include the amount of tips reported to you in writing by your employees. Also, include contributions to a 40i(k) pension plan. Enter the amount before any deductions.

How the payments are made is not important in determining if they are wages. Thus, you may pay wages for piecework or as a percentage of profits, and you may pay wages hourly, daily, weekly, monthly, or yearly. You may pay wages in cash or some other way, such as goods, lodging, food, or clothing. For items other than cash, use the fair market value at the time of payment.

Line 2—Exempt payments.—"Wages" and "employment" as defined for FUTA purposes do not include every payment and every kind of service an employee may perform. In general, payments excluded from wages and payments for services excepted from employment are not subject to tax. You may deduct these payments from total payments only if you explain them on line 2.

Enter items like the following

- (1) Agricultural labor, if you didn't meet either of the tests in Agricultural Employers on page 2.
- (2) Benefit payments for sickness or injury under a worker's compensation law.
- (3) Household service if you did not pay cash wages of \$1,000 or more in any calendar quarter in 1989 and 1990.
 - (4) Certain family employment.
 - (5) Certain fishing activities.
- (6) Noncash payments for farmwork or household services in a private home that are included on line 1. Only cash wages to these workers are taxable.
 - (7) Value of certain meals and lodging.

- (8) Cost of group term life insurance.
- (9) Any other exempt service or pay.

 For more information, see Circular E

Line 3.—Enter the total amounts over \$7,000 you paid each employee. For example, if you have 10 employees to whom you paid \$8,000 each during the year, enter \$80,000 on line 1 and \$10,000 on line 3. Only the first \$7,000 paid to your employee is subject to FUTA tax. Do not use the state wage limitation for this entry.

Line 5—Total taxable wages.—If any part of these wages is exempt from state unemployment taxes, you must fill out Parts III and V For example, if you pay wages to corporate officers in a state that exempts these wages from its unemployment taxes (these wages are taxable for FUTA tax) you would check the box in C on page 1 and complete Parts III and V

Part II. - Tax Due or Refund

Use this part only if you checked 'Yes" for both questions A and B on page 1, and did not check the box in C. The tax rate of .008 gives you credit for your payments to your state's unemployment fund.

Part III.—Tax Due or Refund

Use this part if you do not qualify for Part II.

Line 3.—Enter the smaller of Part V line 11, or Part III, line 2. This is the credit allowable for your payments to state unemployment funds. If you do not have to make payments to the state, enter "0" on this line.

Part IV.—Record of Federal Tax Liability

Complete this part if your total tax (Part II, line 1 or Part III, line 4) is over \$100. To figure your FUTA tax liability for each of the first 3 quarters of 1990, multiply by .008 that part of the first \$7,000 of each employee's annual wages you paid during the quarter Enter this amount under that quarter

Your liability for the 4th quarter is the total tax (Part II, line 1 or Part III, line 4) minus your liability for the first 3 quarters of the year. The total liability must equal your total tax. Otherwise, you may be charged a failure to deposit penalty figured on your average liability.

Depositing FUTA Tax.—Generally, FUTA taxes are deposited on a quarterly basis. If your liability for any of the first 3 quarters of 1990 (plus any undeposited amount of \$100 or less from any earlier quarter) is over \$100, deposit it by the last day of the first month following the close of the quarter. If it is \$100 or less, carry it to the next quarter; a deposit is not required. If your liability for the 4th quarter (plus any undeposited amount from any earlier quarter) is over \$100, deposit the entire amount by January 31, 1991. If it is \$100 or less, you can either make a deposit or pay it with your Form 940 by January 31, 1991.

Note: The total amount of all deposits must be shown in Part II, line 2 or Part III, line 5.

If you deposited the correct amounts, following these rules, the balance due with Form 940 will never be more than \$100.

Deposit FUTA tax in an authorized financial institution or the Federal Reserve bank for your area. To avoid a possible penalty, do not mail deposits directly to IRS. Records of your deposits will be sent to IRS for crediting to your business accounts. See *Identifying Your Payments* on page 2.

You must use a Form 8109, Federal Tax Deposit Coupon, when making each tax deposit. IRS will send you a book of deposit coupons when you apply for an employer identification number. Follow the instructions in the coupon book. If you don't have coupons, see Circular E.

Part V.—Computation of Tentative Credit

Complete this schedule if you checked the "No" box in either question A or B on page 1, or if you checked the box in C on page 1. If you have been assigned an experience rate by your state of 0% or more, but less than 5.4% for all or part of the year, use columns 1 through 9. If you have not been assigned any experience rate by your state, use columns 1, 2, 3, and 9 only. If you have been assigned a rate of 5.4% or higher, use columns 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and 9 only. If you were assigned an experience rate for only part of the year or the rate was changed during the year, complete a separate line for each rate period.

Column 1.—Enter the name of the state(s) (including Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands) that you were required to pay contributions to.

Column 2.—Enter the state reporting number that was assigned to you when you registered as an employer with each state.

Column 3.—Enter the taxable payroll on which you must pay taxes to the unemployment fund of each state in column 1. If your experience rate zero, enter the amount of wages that you would have had to pay on if the rate had not been granted.

Columns 4 and 5.—Your "state experience rate" is the rate at which the state taxes your payroll for state unemployment purposes. This rate may be adjusted from time to time based on your "experience" with the state fund, that is, unemployment compensation paid to your former employees and other factors. If you do not know your rate, contact your state unemployment insurance service.

Column 8.—Subtract column 7 from column 6. If zero or less, enter "0."

Column 9.—Enter contributions actually paid into the state fund by the due date of Form 940. Do not include any special assessments, surtaxes, surcharges, etc., used by the state to pay interest on unrepaid advances from the Federal Government.

Line 10.—Enter the totals of columns 3, 8, and 9 on this line. The total of all amounts reported in Column 9 should equal the amount entered under question A at the top of Form 940.

Line 11.—Add line 10, columns 8 and 9 only. The allowable credit for state contributions you make after the due date for filing Form 940 may not be more than 90% of the credit that would have been allowed if you had paid the state contributions by the due date. For example, if \$1,500 of state contributions was paid on time, and \$1,000 was paid after the due date for filing Form 940, the total tentative credit on line 11 (assuming no additional credit (column 8)) would be \$2,400 (\$1,500 + \$900 (90% of \$1,000)).

Note: If you are receiving additional credit (column 8) because your state experience rate is less than 5.4%, the additional credit is not subject to the 90% limitation.