19**91** Form W-4P



What Is Form W-4P? This form is for recipients of income from annuity, pension, and certain other deferred compensation plans to tell payers whether income tax is to be withheld and on what basis. The options available to the recipient depend on whether the payment is periodic or nonperiodic (including a qualified total distribution) as explained on page 3.

Recipients can use this form to choose to have no income tax withheld from the payment (except for payments to U.S. citizens delivered outside the U.S. or its possessions) or to have an additional amount of tax withheld.

Your signature ▶

What Do I Need To Do? Recipients who want no tax to be withheld can skip the worksheet below and go directly to line 1 of the form. All others should complete lines A through F of the worksheet. Many recipients can stop at line F.

Other Income? If you have a large amount of income from other sources not subject to withholding (such as interest, dividends, taxable social security), you should consider making estimated tax payments using Form 1040-ES, Estimated Tax for Individuals. Call 1-800-829-3676 for copies of Form 1040-ES, and Pub. 505, Tax Withholding and Estimated Tax.

When Should I File? File as soon as possible to avoid underwithholding problems.

Multiple Pensions? More Than One Income? To figure the number of allowances you may claim, combine allowances and income subject to withholding from all sources on one worksheet. You can file a Form W-4P with each pension payer, but do not claim the same allowances more than once. Your withholding will usually be more accurate if you claim all allowances on the largest source of income subject to withholding.

ро	izens delivered outside the U.S issessions) or to have an addition nount of tax withheld.	onal	1040-ES, and Pub. 505 and Estimated Tax.		Changes for 1991	Please see page 3.				
Pe	ersonal Allowances Worksheet	For 1991, the filing jointly, \$	e value of your personal exer \$125,000 if head of househ	mption(s) is reduced if yo old, or \$75,000 if marrie	our income is over \$100 ed filing separately). Ge	0,000 (\$150,000 if married et Pub. 919 for details.				
A	Enter "1" for yourself if no or	ne else can cla	im you as a dependent			A				
	(1. You are sin	ngle and have o	nly one pension; or	,)					
	2. You are ma	arried, have on	ly one pension, and your	spouse has no		_				
В	Enter "1" if: \ income sub	bject to withho	lding; or		}	B				
	or wages (c	ne from a secor or the total of a	nd pension or a job or you ill) is \$1,000 or less.	ur spouse s pension	J	B				
С	Enter "1" for your spouse. Bu	out you may cho	oose to enter "O" if you a	re married and have e	ther a spouse who h	as income				
	subject to withholding or you									
	having too little tax withheld.)									
	Enter number of dependents									
E	Enter "1" if you will file as a h									
F	Add lines A through E and en	iter total here				▶ F				
	ror the Deduct	to itemize or tions and Adjus	claim other deductions tments Worksheet on pa	s and want to reduce ge 2.	your withholding, se	ee				
	accuracy, • If you have	more than on	more than one source of income subject to withholding or a spouse with income							
	worksheets subject to \$46,000 if	f vou are mar	AND your combined earlied filing a joint return ge 2 if you want to avoid h	, see the Multiple P	ensions/More Than	O, or One				
			cuations applies to you, s			F on				
	line 2 of Fo	orm W-4P belov	V.							

	Cut here and giv	ve the certificat	e to the payer of your pens	sion or annuity. Keep th	e top portion for your	records				
	_									
For	™ W-4P	,	Withholding Co		OMB No. 1545-0415					
	}	Pension or Annuity Payments				ଶ୍ର ୁ 1				
	partment of the Treasury ernal Revenue Service					1931				
Ту	pe or print your full name				You	r social security number				
Ho	(if any)				m or identification number ny) of your pension or uity contract					
Cit	ty or town, state, and ZIP code				aiiii	unty contract				
	omplete the following applica	able lines:								
1	I elect not to have income tax v	withheld from i	my pension or annuity. (I	Do not complete lines	2 or 3.)	• 🗀				
2	I want my withholding from ea marital status shown. (You ma	ach periodic pe ay also designa	ension or annuity paymer te an amount on line 3.)	nt to be figured using t	he number of allowa	nces and				
	Marital status: Single	☐ Married		hold at higher Single	rate	(Enter number of allowances.)				
	I want the following additional cannot enter an amount here w									
_										

Date ▶

	Deductions and Adjustments Worksheet		
10	FE: Use this Worksheet only if you plan to itemize deductions or claim adjustments to income on your 1991 tax is	return.	
1.	Enter an estimate of your 1991 itemized deductions. These include: qualifying home mortgage interest, charitable contributions, state and local taxes (but not sales taxes), medical expenses in excess of 7.5% of your income, and miscellaneous deductions. (For 1991, you may have to reduce your itemized deductions if your income is over \$100,000 (\$50,000 if married filing separately). Get Pub. 919 for details.)	1 \$	
2.	Enter: \begin{cases} \\$5,700 \text{ if married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er)} \\ \\$5,000 \text{ if head of household} \\ \\$3,400 \text{ if single} \\ \\$2,850 \text{ if married filing separately} \end{cases} \text{	2 \$	
3.	Subtract line 2 from line 1. If line 2 is greater than line 1, enter zero	3 \$	
4.	4 \$		
5.	Add lines 3 and 4 and enter the total	5 \$	
6.	6 \$		
	Subtract line 6 from line 5. Enter the result, but not less than zero	7 \$	
	Divide the amount on line 7 by \$2,000 and enter the result here. Drop any fraction	8	
	Enter the number from Form W-4P Worksheet, line F, on page 1	9	
0.	Add lines 8 and 9 and enter the total here. If you plan to use the Multiple Pensions/More Than One Income Worksheet, also enter the total on line 1, below. Otherwise stop here and enter this total on Form W-4P, line 2 on page 1	10	
	Multiple Pensions/More Than One Income Worksheet		
our	E: Use this Worksheet only if the instructions under line F on page 1 direct you here. This applies if you (and spouse if married filing a joint return) have more than one source of income subject to withholding (such as a than one pension, or a pension and a job, or you have a pension and your spouse works).		
1.	Enter the number from line F on page 1 (or from line 10 above if you used the Deductions and Adjustments Worksheet)	1	
2.	Find the number in Table 1 below that applies to the LOWEST paying pension or job and enter it here	2	
3.	If line 1 is GREATER THAN OR EQUAL TO line 2, subtract line 2 from line 1. Enter the result here (if zero, enter "0") and on Form W-4P, line 2, page 1. Do not use the rest of this worksheet	3	
4.	If line 1 is LESS THAN line 2, enter "0" on Form W-4P, line 2, page 1, and enter the number from line 2 of this worksheet here	4	
5.	Enter the number from line 1 of this worksheet \ldots	5	
	Subtract line 5 from line 4 and enter the result here	6	
	Find the amount in Table 2 below that applies to the HIGHEST paying pension or job and enter it here	7 \$	
	Multiply line 7 by line 6 and enter the result here	8 \$	
9.	Divide line 8 by the number of pay periods in each year. (For example, divide by 12 if you are paid every month.) Enter the result here and on Form W-4P, line 3, page 1. This is the additional amount to be withheld from each payment	9 \$	
		X	

Table 1: Multiple Pensions/More Than One Income Worksheet

Married Filin	g Jo	intl	y	All Others				
If amount from LOWEST paying pension or job is—		Enter on line 2, above		ve	If amount from LOWEST Enter on line 2, above			
0 - \$4,000 4,001 - 8,000 8,001 - 12,000 12,000 17,001 17,001 21,001 - 26,000 26,001 - 30,000 30,001 - 35,000 40,000 40,001 - 55,000 55,001 - 75,000 75,001 and over			0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11		0 - \$6,000 0 6,001 - 10,000 1 10,001 - 14,000 2 14,001 - 18,000 3 18,001 - 22,000 4 22,001 - 45,000 5 45,001 and over 6			

Table 2: Multiple Pensions/More Than One Income Worksheet

Married Filing Jo	intly	All Others			
If amount from HIGHEST paying pension or job is—	Enter on line 7, above	If amount from HIGHEST paying pension or job is—	Enter on line 7, above		
0 - \$46,000 46,001 - 94,000 94,001 and over	. \$320 . 600 . 670	0 - \$26,000 26,001 - 55,000 55,001 and over	. \$320 . 600 . 670		

Paperwork Reduction Act Notice.—We ask for the information on this form to carry out the Internal Revenue laws of the United States. The Internal Revenue Code requires this information under sections 3405 and 6109 and their regulations. Failure to provide this information may result in withholding on your payment(s).

The time needed to complete this form will vary depending on individual circumstances. The estimated average time is:

Recordkeeping .			40 min
Learning about the			
law or the form .			20 min
Preparing the form			49 min

If you have comments concerning the accuracy of these time estimates or suggestions for making this form more simple, we would be happy to hear from you. You can write to both the Internal Revenue Service, Washington, DC 20224, Attention: IRS Reports Clearance Officer, T:FP; and the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reduction Project (1545-0415), Washington, DC 20503. DO NOT send the tax form to either of these offices. Instead, give it to your payer.

Changes for 1991

Changes in the law may affect your 1991 tax liability, including changes to your personal exemption and the elimination of the deduction for personal interest.

You may use your 1990 tax return as a guide in figuring your estimated taxes, but be sure to consider the tax law changes in this section.

Itemized Deductions

For 1991, no personal interest (such as interest on car loans or credit card balances) is deductible.

Standard Deduction

The standard deduction has been increased for all taxpayers. For 1991, the amounts are:

Standard
Deduction
\$5,700*
\$5,000*
\$3,400*
. \$2,850*

*To this amount, add the Additional Amount below if you are elderly or blind.

Additional Amount for the Elderly or the Blind.—An additional standard deduction amount of \$650 is allowed for a married individual (whether filing jointly or separately) or for a qualifying widow(er) who is 65 or over or blind (\$1,300 if the individual is both 65 or over and blind, \$2,600 on a joint return if both spouses are 65 or over and blind). An additional standard deduction amount of \$850 is allowed for an unmarried individual (single or head of household) who is 65 or over or blind (\$1,700 if both 65 or over and blind).

Personal Exemption

The amount of the personal exemption has been increased to \$2,150 for the individual, the spouse, and for each dependent.

Withholding From Pensions and Annuities

Generally, withholding applies to payments made from pension, profit-sharing, stock bonus, annuity, and certain deferred compensation plans, from individual retirement arrangements (IRAs), and from commercial annuities. The method and rate of withholding depends upon the kind of payment you receive.

Periodic payments from all of the items above are treated as wages for the purpose of withholding. A periodic payment is one that is includible in your income for tax purposes and that you receive in installments at regular intervals over a period of more than one full year from the starting date of the pension or annuity. The intervals can be annual, quarterly, monthly, etc.

You can use Form W-4P to change the amount of tax to be withheld by using lines 2 and 3 of the form or to exempt the payments from withholding by using line 1 of the form. This exemption from withholding does not apply to certain recipients who have payments delivered outside the United States or its possessions. See Exemption From Income Tax Withholding later.

Caution: Remember that there are penalties for not paying enough tax during the year, either through withholding or estimated tax payments. New retirees, especially, should see Pub. 505. It explains the estimated tax requirements and penalties in detail. You may be able to avoid quarterly estimated tax payments by having enough tax withheld from your pension or annuity using Form W-4P.

Unless you tell your payer otherwise, tax must be withheld on **periodic** payments as if you are married and claiming three withholding allowances. This means that tax will be withheld if your pension or annuity is more than \$833 a month (\$10,000 a year).

There are some kinds of periodic payments for which you **cannot** use Form W-4P since they are already defined as wages subject to income tax withholding. Retirement pay for service in the Armed Forces of the U.S. generally falls into this category. Certain nonqualified deferred compensation plans and state and local deferred compensation plans described in section 457 also fall into this category. Your payer should be able to tell you whether Form W-4P will apply. Social security payments are not subject to withholding but may be includible in income.

For periodic payments, your certificate stays in effect until you change or revoke it. Your payer must notify you each year of your right to elect to have no tax withheld or to revoke your election.

Nonperiodic payments will have income tax withheld at a flat 10% rate unless the payment is a qualified total distribution. Tax will be withheld from a qualified total distribution using tables furnished payers and prescribed by the Treasury Department. Distributions from an IRA that are payable upon demand are treated as nonperiodic payments. You can elect to have no income tax withheld from a nonperiodic payment by filing Form W-4P with the payer and checking the box on line 1. Generally, your election to have no tax withheld will apply to any later payment from the same plan. You cannot use line 2 to change the way tax is withheld. But you may use line 3 to specify that an additional amount be withheld.

Exemption From Income Tax Withholding

The election to be exempt from income tax withholding does not apply to any periodic payment or nonperiodic distribution which is delivered outside the United States or its possessions to a U.S. citizen or resident alien.

Other recipients who have these payments delivered outside the U.S. or its possessions can elect exemption only if an individual certifies to the payer that the individual is not: (1) a U.S. citizen or resident alien or (2) an individual to whom section 877 of the Internal Revenue Code applies (concerning expatriation to avoid tax). The certification can be made in a statement to the payer under the penalties of perjury. A nonresident alien who elects exemption from withholding under section 3405, is subject to withholding under section 1441.

Revoking the Exemption From Withholding

If you want to revoke your previously filed exemption from withholding for periodic payments, file another Form W-4P with the payer. If you want tax withheld at the rate set by law (married with three allowances), write the word "Revoked" by the checkbox on line 1 of the form. If you want tax withheld at any different rate, complete line 2 on the form.

If you want to revoke your previously filed exemption for nonperiodic payments, write the word "Revoked" by the checkbox on line 1 and file Form W-4P with the payer.

Statement of Income Tax Withheld From Your Pension or Annuity

By January 31 of next year, you will receive a statement from your payer showing the total amount of your pension or annuity payments and the total income tax withheld during the year.

Copies of Form W-4P will not be sent to IRS by the payer, regardless of the number of allowances claimed on line 2 of Form W-4P.