## THE DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY OFFICE OF PROFESSIONAL RESPONSIBILITY INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE WASHINGTON, D.C.

DIRECTOR, OFFICE OF PROFESSIONAL RESPONSIBILITY	) )
Complainant	)
V.	)
(b)(3)/26 USC 6103	)
Respondent	)

Complaint No. 2009-11

Decision by Default

In this proceeding brought by the Acting Director, Office of Professional Responsibility (OPR), United States Department of the Treasury, Internal Revenue Service (IRS), on February 27, 2009, OPR filed a Complaint against the Respondent, (b)(3)/26 USC 6103, seeking his disbarment from practice before the IRS. Respondent is a practitioner as an attorney before the Internal Revenue Service. Subsequent to the filing of the Complaint, on May 21, 2009, OPR filed a Motion for a Decision by Default. For reasons which follow, the Court, finding the Respondent to be in default, grants OPR's Motion and issues this Decision by Default.

The Complainant, in Eight Counts, alleged that the Respondent engaged in (b)(3)/26 USC 6103 disreputable conduct. Count 1 alleges that the Respondent . Respondent granted an extension of time, until October 15, 2002 to make that year's filing. Count 2 (b)(3)/26 USC 6103 alleges the same Count 3. involving<sup>(b)(3)/26 USC 6103</sup>, likewise involves<sup>(b)(3)/26 USC 6103</sup>. In that instance the (b)(3)/26 USC 6103 Respondent (b)(3)/26 USC (b)(3)/26 USC 6103 . Count 4 pertains to . Though Respondent (b)(3)/26 USC 6103 (b)(3)/26 USC 6103 . Count 5 deals with . Yet, the Complaint alleges this (b)(3)/26 USC 6103 (b)(3)/26 USC 6103 . Count 6 represents a return to (b)(3)/26 USC 6103 (b)(3)/26 USC 6103 in the Complaint, the Respondent

. However, the Complaint relates that (b)(3)/
. Count 7 pertains to $(b)(3)/26$ USC 6103
(b)(3)/26 USC 6103
. Count 8 involves (b)(3)/26 USC 6103
(b)(3)/26 USC 6103
. The Complaint alleges that the
USC 6103
e Complaint, an attachment is included to document the (b)(3)/26 USC 6103 . Count 5, as set forth above, is (b)(3)/26 USC 6103 e Complaint, an attachment is included to document the bunt 1, Attachment 1 was included and shows, through (b)(3)/26 USC 6103 instance, the attachments represent an official records

The Complaint asserts that, individually and collectively, the Respondent's (b)(3)/26 USC 6103

. The Complaint concludes that such conduct "reflect[s] adversely on [Respondent's] current fitness to practice [and] warrant[s] his disbarment from practice before the Internal Revenue Service." Complaint at 9.

OPR's Motion for Default relates that the Respondent was served a copy of the Complaint via Certified Mail to the Respondent's last known address.<sup>1</sup> The return receipt for that certified mail shows that it was signed with the name (b)(3)/26 USC 6103 at that address on March 3, 2009. OPR Exhibits 1 and 2. The Complaint advised that the Respondent was required to file his Answer within thirty (30) days and that a failure to do so could result in a default decision. Confirming that the Respondent received the Complaint, the Respondent contacted OPR and sought an extension of time to file his Answer. The request was granted by OPR, allowing the Respondent until May 4, 2009 to file his Answer. A second extension was then granted by OPR, this time allowing the Respondent until May 15, 2009 to file his Answer. However, as of the May 21, 2009 filing of OPR's Motion for Default, the Respondent had not filed his Answer. The Court notes that the Respondent's actions are consistent with the allegations in the Complaint. That is, the Respondent

Like the

Complaint itself, OPR sent a copy of its Motion for Default to the Respondent's (b)(3)/26 USC 6103 address via certified and by regular mail.

OPR correctly notes that the failure to file an answer "constitutes an admission of the allegations of the complaint and a waiver of [the right to a] hearing, and the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Respondent's address is Address 1.

Administrative Law Judge may make the decision by default without a hearing or further procedure. A decision by default constitutes a decision under §10.76." 31 C.F.R. § 10.64(d).

Accordingly, with the foregoing history of this matter in mind, OPR seeks to have the Respondent's failure to file an answer to the allegations in the Complaint deemed as admissions of all of the allegations in it and that the Respondent has, by the same failure, waived his right to a hearing. On the basis of the allegations in the Complaint, now considered by the Respondent's failures to have been admitted, OPR seeks a Decision by Default for disbarment of the Respondent and also seeking that any future reinstatement be at the sole discretion of OPR, which, at a minimum, would include (b)(3)/26 USC 6103

Certainly each of the eight Counts

(b)(3)/26 USC 6103

section provides that "[w]illfully failing to make a Federal tax return in violation of the Federal tax laws, or willfully evading, attempting to evade, or participating in any way in evading or attempting to evade any assessment or payment of any Federal tax" is disreputable conduct for which a practitioner may be sanctioned. (b)(3)/26 USC 6103



to be admitted. With regard to the failure to file an Answer, and Respondent's failure to respond to the Motion for a decision by default, the consequence is that the Respondent is found to be in DEFAULT per 31 C.F.R. § 10.64.

Having closely considered the evidence in this case and upon finding the Respondent in Default for failing to file an Answer in this proceeding, the Court concludes that OPR has established by clear and convincing evidence in the record the facts alleged in Counts 1 through 8, that each of such Counts constitute disreputable conduct on the part of the Respondent and that, except for Count 1, each of the other Counts individually justify the sanction of disbarment. Collectively, Counts 2 thorough 8 serve to highlight the (b)(3)/26 USC 6103

Accordingly, the Court issues this **Decision by Default for DISBARMENT**, with any future reinstatement possibility being at the sole discretion of OPR, with whatever requirements and terms that Office may insist upon.

SO ORDERED.

William B. Moran

June 17, 2009

Washington, D.C.